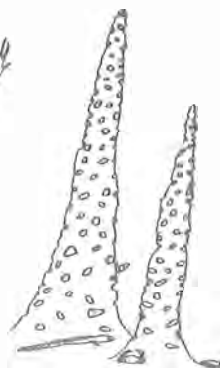


BCPP CAMP News

BCPP Organisers: WWF, India, World Resources Institute, USAID; **Local Coordinator,** Salim Ali Centre for Ornithology and Natural History **SACON**; **C.A.M.P. Organisers:** Zoo Outreach Organisation, CBSG, India; **Endangered Species Project Coordinator,** Ajith Kumar; **CAMP Coordinators:** Sally Walker and Sanjay Molur
Address for Correspondence

ZOO/CBSG, India, 65 Bharati Colony, P.O.B. 1683, Peelamedu, Coimbatore 641004 INDIA

Phone 422 571 087 Fax 422 573 269



Five down -- two to go

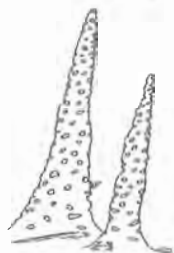
BCPP CAMP Workshop Species Status Output to DATE

Status for	Plants	Soil inverts	Amphibs	Reptiles	Plants	Mangrove ecosystem spp.			Mammals	Fish
						Algae	Inverts	Fish		
CRITICAL	34	18	10	34	12	2	1	0	August	September
ENDANGERED	19	24	42	54	42	12	1	1		
VULNERABLE	16	15	41	80	3	0	3	4		
LRnt	5	15	60	96	1	8	17	40		
LRlc	1	14	13	73	1	1	15	2		
DD	2	9	40	133	0	0	0	0		
NE	0	1	4	26	1	0	1	2		
Total # considered	77	96	210	495	60	23	41	52	400 odd	600 odd
Total# assessed	77	95	206	469	59	23	40	52		

Total species assessed to date - 1021



Mangrove ecosystem



CAMP



A Conservation Assessment and Management Plan Workshop for species of the Indian Mangrove Ecosystem was conducted last July 21 - 25, 1997 at the National Institute for Oceanography, Goa. Compared to other workshops the confirmation rate for this workshop was very high and it was only our inability to provide travel allowance which prevented many persons from coming. Even so, a great many participants travelled to the workshop at the expense of their own institution and even on their own.

From the outset of the workshop it was clear that mangrove scientists are a particularly enthusiastic, even passionate group of specialists who are almost "in love" with the mangrove ecosystem. Most of the very well known specialists were present, some who have seen nearly every mangrove forest in the country.

Credit for the creative idea of holding a Mangrove ecosystem CAMP goes to Dr. A. G. Untawale, Dy. Director of the National Institute of Oceanography. Untawale and many of his colleagues at NIO have been studying mangroves intensively for many years and have a vast store of knowledge about these fragile forests.

The workshop began with a simple but meaningful Inaugural with In-house dignitaries, including Mr. DeSa, Director of NIO who gave his blessings to the workshop. Dr. Untawale gave an overview of mangrove conservation in India. Ajith Kumar, Coordinator of the Endangered Species Subgroup of the BCPP spoke about the background of BCPP and the subgroup. Sally Walker conveyed the good wishes of the Dr. U. S. Seal, Chairman, CBSG, SSC, IUCN and Dr. David Brackett, Chairman, Species Survival Commission.

Sanjay Molur gave a presentation on the revised IUCN Red List categories and then led the group through an assessment of a mangrove plants. Almost immediately there were questions and comments about the criteria and the definitions of various concepts in them as applied to mangroves.

Working groups were formed, with two groups to assess Mangrove plants, one group to assess species of algae common to mangroves, one group for mangrove dwelling invertebrates and one for fishes which spent part of their life cycle in mangroves. The groups worked literally from 9:00 am to 8:00 pm and after. In the end the group had assessed 176 species — 60 mangrove plants, 23 species of algae, 41 invertebrates and 52 fishes. The various groups also discussed special issues in their subject area.

Plants group

The mangrove deliberated on the consolidation of assessment data of various biotic components of mangrove ecosystem and link these with the abiotic factors or to evolve a holistic approach for evaluation of this fragile ecosystem. The group was unanimous in their opinion that the components of this unit should not be evaluated in isolation of the system as a whole. Dr. Untawale depicted the mangrove ecosystem, based on a food chain concept while highlighting some inherent lacunae in such projection. After discussion a three dimensional distribution of faunal component within the mangrove ecosystems was accepted with detritus determining the basis of the model. Various members briefed the groups on the dynamics of their group of organisms in making the various components work. A synthesis of all the schemes proposed was taken to create a model depicting interrelations of various components in the mangrove ecosystem which was made into a poster which is printed at the end of this summary. Further, an All India Coordinated Project be launched under the auspices of Mangrove Society of India to understand the process in the field situation.

Marine Algae

This group pointed out that of the 624 species of marine macro-algae occurring along the Indian coast line, in India 48 marine algal species are reported from the mangrove swamps. The group assessed 23 of these belonging to 3 major groups, Chlorophyta - green algae; Phaeophyta - brown algae and Rhodophyta - red algae. Mangrove regions in the tropics have been observed to harbor number of economically and commercially important algae which are used for food, dyes, bioactive substances. The group pointed out that current research was insufficient to work out ecological significance of algae in mangrove ecosystem. The association of the algae and fauna in mangrove area has yet to be studied. Problems faced by the group were paucity of data and presence of some of the species on the open coast as well in mangrove area. These problems may have affected the quality of the assessment, thus, the group felt that more systematic study is required to project correct picture of marine algae in the mangrove swamps.

Fish group

The fish group found much difficulty in assessing some fish species, primarily because of the lack of population studies of the type required by conservation. However based on the finfish catch data, loss of mangrove habitat due to human activities, and over-exploitation of the stocks during sea-

sons, and other information it may be inferred that the distribution and abundance of some finfish species were altered in the natural habitat. While many of the species show declining trend there is no specific data on each species. Data exists for the groups only which in some cases indicate reduction of catch. Population monitoring and the life history studies should be given due importance for the future. Although the available data did not indicate decline sufficiently to assign a threatened category, the personal perception of individual workers (researchers and fishermen, including one fisherman who is also a field biologist) have shown decline to some extent. The general decline of many species may also be due to over-exploitation.

The group felt that there should be regulation on the capture of juveniles fish in the mangrove areas as these areas serve as a major nursery for many species. One species was assessed as Endangered) under IUCN.

Invertebrate Group

About 500 species of invertebrates have been reported from Indian mangroves out of which little more than 50% are insects and 20% are zooplankton species amongst the remaining 45% molluscs and crustaceans are dominated in number of species followed by polychaetes. Majority of insect fauna reported so far are visitors. The group concentrated mainly on the assessment of resident animals which, almost exclusively spent their adult life in the mangals as well as several economically import shell fishes where enough data was available.

This Report, taken from the Drafts of the working groups, hardly does justice to the deliberations of this knowledgeable and enthusiastic groups of specialists. When the Drafts have been edited and the Report is brought out, another and better rendition will be given.



Group photograph of the Indian Mangrove Ecosystem CAMP taken in the compound of NIO



The Mangrove Plants Group, concentrating on West Coast



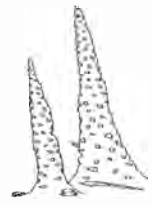
The Invertebrate Group



Conservation Assessment and Management Plan Workshop for the Biodiversity Conservation Prioritisation Project Indian Mangrove Ecosystem



Draft Summary Species List



West Coast

Gujarat, Maharashtra, Goa, Karnataka, Kerala and Laccadive Island

<i>Acanthus ilicifolius</i> L.	EN
<i>Acrostichum aureum</i> L.	LR-lc
<i>Aegiceras corniculatum</i> (L.) Blanco	EN
<i>Aeluropus lagopoides</i> (L.) Trin.	EN
<i>Arthrocnemum indicum</i> (Willd.) Moq.	VU
<i>Avicennia alba</i> BL.	CR
<i>Avicennia officinalis</i> L.	EN
<i>Avicennia marina</i> (Forsk.) Vierh. var. <i>acutissima</i> Stapf & Mold.	EN
<i>Avicennia marina</i> var. <i>resinifera</i> (Forst.) Bakh.	CR
<i>Bruguiera cylindrica</i> (L.) Bl.	EN
<i>Bruguiera gymnorhiza</i> (L.) Savigny	CR
<i>Bruguiera parviflora</i> (Roxb.) Wt. & Arn. ex. Griff.	CR
<i>Cenchrus ciliaris</i> L.	EN
<i>Cerbera manghas</i> L.	EN
<i>Ceriops tagal</i> (Perr.) Robin.	EN
<i>Ceriops decandra</i> (Griff.) Ding Hou	EN
<i>Clerodendrum inerme</i> Gaertn.	EN
<i>Derris heterophylla</i> (Willd.) Back. & Bakh.	EN
<i>Derris trifoliata</i> Lour.	EN
<i>Excoecaria agallocha</i> L.	VU
<i>Heritiera littoralis</i> Dryn.	EN
<i>Kandelia candel</i> (L.) Druce	EN
<i>Lumnitzera racemosa</i> Willd.	EN
<i>Porteresia coarctata</i> (Roxb.) Tateoka	VU
<i>Rhizophora mucronata</i> Poir.	EN
<i>Rhizophora apiculata</i> Bl.	EN
<i>Salicornia brachiata</i> Roxb.	LR-nt
<i>Sesuvium portulacastrum</i> L.	EN
<i>Sonneratia apetala</i> Buch.-Ham.	EN
<i>Sonneratia alba</i> J. Sm.	EN
<i>Sonneratia caseolaris</i> (L.) Engl.	EN
<i>Sporobolus virginicus</i> (L.) Kunth	EN
<i>Suaeda maritima</i> (L.) Dumort.	EN
<i>Suaeda monoica</i> Forsk. ex Gmel.	EN
<i>Urochondra setulosa</i> (Trin.) Hubb.	EN
<i>Xylocarpus granatum</i> Koen.	EN

Sea Grasses - West Coast

<i>Halophilla beccarii</i>	EN
----------------------------	----

East Coast

W. Bengal, Orissa, Andhra Pradesh., Tamil Nadu and Andaman & Nicobar Islands

<i>Acanthus ebracteatus</i> Vahl.	CR
<i>Acanthus ilicifolius</i> L.	EN
<i>Acanthus volubilis</i> Wall.	CR
<i>Acrostichum aureum</i> L.	LR-lc
<i>Aegialitis rotundifolia</i> Roxb.	EN
<i>Aegiceras corniculatum</i> (L.) Blanco	EN
<i>Aeluropus lagopoides</i> (L.) Trin.	EN
<i>Aglaia cucullata</i> (Roxb.) Pelleg.	EN
<i>Arthrocnemum indicum</i> (Willd.) Moq.	VU
<i>Avicennia alba</i> Bl.	CR
<i>Avicennia officinalis</i> L.	EN
<i>Avicennia marina</i> (Forsk.) vierh. var. <i>acutissima</i> Stapf & Mold.	EN
<i>Brownlowia tersa</i> (L.) Kostm.	EN
<i>Bruguiera cylindrica</i> (L.) Bl.	EN

<i>Bruguiera gymnorhiza</i> (L.) Savigny	CR
<i>Bruguiera parviflora</i> (Roxb.) Wt. & Arn. ex. Griff.	CR
<i>Bruguiera sexangula</i> (Lour.) Poir.	CR
<i>Cenchrus ciliaris</i> L.	EN
<i>Cerbera manghas</i> L.	EN
<i>Ceriops decandra</i> (Griff.) Ding Hou	EN
<i>Ceriops tagal</i> (Perr.) Robin.	EN
<i>Clerodendrum inerme</i> Gaertn.	EN
<i>Cynometra ramiflora</i> L.	EN
<i>Derris heterophylla</i> (Willd.) Back. & Bakh.	EN
<i>Derris trifoliata</i> Lour.	EN
<i>Excoecaria agallocha</i> L.	VU
<i>Finlaysonia obovata</i> Wall.	CR
<i>Heritiera fomes</i> Buch. -Ham.	EN
<i>Heritiera kanikensis</i> Majum. & Banerjee	CR
<i>Heritiera littoralis</i> Dryn.	EN
<i>Kandelia candel</i> (L.) Druce	EN
<i>Lumnitzera littorea</i> (Jack.) Voigt.	CR
<i>Lumnitzera racemosa</i> Willd.	EN
<i>Myriostachya wightiana</i> (Nees ex Steud) Hook.f.	EN
<i>Nypa fruticans</i> Wurumb.	EN
<i>Phoenix paludosa</i> Roxb.	EN
<i>Porteresia coarctata</i> (Roxb.) Tateoka	VU
<i>Rhizophora annamalayana</i>	NE
<i>Rhizophora apiculata</i> Bl.	EN
<i>Rhizophora lamarckii</i> Mont.	CR
<i>Rhizophora mucronata</i> Poir.	EN
<i>Rhizophora stylosa</i> Griff.	CR
<i>Salicornia brachiata</i> Roxb.	LR-nt
<i>Scyphiphora hydrophyllacea</i> Gaertn.f.	EN
<i>Sesuvium portulacastrum</i> L.	EN
<i>Sonneratia alba</i> J. Sm.	EN
<i>Sonneratia apetala</i> Buch. -Ham.	EN
<i>Sonneratia caseolaris</i> (L.) Engl.	EN
<i>Sonneratia griffithii</i> Kurz	CR
<i>Sporobolus virginicus</i> (L.) Kunth.	EN
<i>Suaeda nudiflora</i> (Willd.) Moq.	EN
<i>Suaeda maritima</i> (L.) Dumort.	EN
<i>Suaeda monoica</i> (Forsk.) ex Gmel.	EN
<i>Tamarix troupii</i> Hole	EN
<i>Xylocarpus granatum</i> Koen.	EN
<i>Xylocarpus mekongensis</i> (Prawn) Pierre	EN
<i>Xylocarpus moluccensis</i> (Lamk.) Roem.	EN

Sea grasses - East Coast

<i>Halophilla beccarii</i> (Ascheri)	EN
--------------------------------------	----

Algae

<i>Bostrychia tenella</i> J. Ag.	EN
<i>Caloglossa leprieurii</i> (Mont.) J. Ag.	EN
<i>Catnella impudica</i> (Mont.) J. Ag.	EN
<i>Catnella rebens</i> Batters	EN
<i>Chaetomorpha linum</i> (Mull.) Kuelz.	EN
<i>Codium fragile</i> (Surin) Harvey	EN
<i>Colponenia sinuosa</i> Derb.	LR-nt
<i>Dichotomosiphon salina</i> Untawale	CR
<i>Dictyota indica</i> Sonder	EN
<i>Enteromorpha clathrata</i> (Roth) J. Ag.	LR-lc
<i>Enteromorpha intestinalis</i> (L.) Link	LR-nt

<i>Gracilaria verrucosa</i> (Huds.) Papen.	BN	Invertebrates	
<i>Hypnea musciformis</i> (Wulf) Iamour	LR-nt	<i>Atacira flaviluna</i> - Moth	LR-1c
<i>Monostroma oxyspermum</i> Doty	BN	<i>Attacus mcMullenii</i> (Watson) - Moth	LR-1c
<i>Padina tetrabornalica</i> Hanck	LR-nt	<i>Baclronophorus thoracites</i> (Gould) - Mollusca	LR-1c
<i>Rhizoclonium ciperium</i> (Roth) Harvey	BN	<i>Balanus amphitrite</i> Darwin - Crustacea	LR-1c
<i>Rhizoclonium kernerii</i> Stock	LR-nt	<i>Bankia campanellata</i> Moll & Roch. - Mollusca	LR-1c
<i>Rhizodinium kochianum</i> Kutz	LR-nt	<i>Bankia carinata</i> (Gray) - Mollusca	LR-1c
<i>Sargassum ilicifolium</i> (Torn.) J. Ag.	LR-nt	<i>Bankia rochi</i> (Moll) - Mollusca	LR-1c
<i>Spatoglossum asperum</i> J. Ag.	LR-nt	<i>Cardisoma carnifex</i> (Herbst) - Crab	CR
<i>Ulva patengans</i> Salam & Khan	CR	<i>Crassostrea gryphoides</i> (Schlotheim) - Mollusca	LR-nt
<i>Ulva reticulata</i> Forsskal	BN	<i>Dicyathifer manni</i> (Wright) - Mollusca	LR-1c
<i>Varcheria prescottii</i>	BN	<i>Dotilla myctiroides</i> (H. Milne Edwards) - Crab	LR-nt
		<i>Dicyathifer manni</i> (Wright) - Mollusca	LR-1c
		<i>Dotilla myctiroides</i> (H. Milne Edwards) - Crab	LR-nt
		<i>Gelonia erosa</i> - Mollusca	BN
		<i>Gonodontis clelia</i> - Moth	LR-1c
		<i>Lyrodus pedicellatus</i> (Quatrefages) - Mollusca	LR-1c
		<i>Macrophthalmus convexus</i> Stimpson - Crab	BN
		<i>Macrophthalmus depressus</i> Ruppell - Crab	LR-nt
		<i>Martesia striata</i> (Linnaeus) - Mollusca	LR-1c
		<i>Meretrix casta</i> Chemnitz - Mollusca	LR-1c
		<i>Metapenaeus dopsoni</i> (Miers, 1878)	LR-nt
		<i>Modiolus striatulus</i> (Hanley) - Mollusca	LR-nt
		<i>Nausitora dunlopae</i> Wright - Mollusca	LR-1c
		<i>Nausitora hedleyi</i> Schepman - Mollusca	LR-1c
		<i>Ocypode ceratophthalma</i> (Pallus) Crab	LR-nt
		<i>Penaeus canaliculatus</i> Oliver 1811	VU
		<i>Penaeus japonicus</i> Bate, 1888	VU
		<i>Penaeus indicus</i> H. Milne - Edward, 1837	LR-nt
		<i>Penaeus merguensis</i> de Man, 1888	LR-nt
		<i>Penaeus monodon</i> Fabricius, 1798	LR-nt
		<i>Penaeus semisulcatus</i> de Mann	LR-nt
		<i>Perna viridis</i> (Linnaeus) Mollusca	LR-nt
		<i>Pilodius nigrocinctus</i> Stimpson - Crab	BN
		<i>Polyura schreiberi</i> - (Godart) ssp. nov. Smiles, Butterfly	NE
		<i>Saccostrea cucullata</i> (Born.) - Mollusca	LR-nt
		<i>Scylla serrata</i> (Forsskal) - Crab	LR-nt
		<i>Sesarma taeniolata</i> White - Crab	LR-1c
		<i>Sphaeroma terebrans</i> Bate - Crustacea	LR-1c
		<i>Thalassina anomala</i> (Herbst) Crustacea	LR-nt
		<i>Uca dussumieri</i> (H. Milne Edwards) - Crab	LR-rt
		<i>Uca lactea</i> (De Hann) - Crab	LR-nt
		<i>Uca tetragonon</i> (Herbst) - Crab	BN
		<i>Uca vocans</i> (Linnaeus) - Crab	LR-nt
		List of Institutions represented	
		Centre for Advanced Study in Marine Biology, Annamalai Univ.	
		AVVM Sri Pushpam College, Poondi, Thanjavur	
		Bombay Natural History Society, Mumbai	
		Carmel College, Goa	
		Cent. Marine Fisheries Res. Inst., Mandapam Camp	
		Conservation of Nature Trust, Calicut	
		Central Agricultural Research Institute, Port Blair, Andamans	
		Centre for Earth Science Studies, Trivandrum	
		National Institute of Oceanography, Goa	
		Fisheries College and Research Institution, Tuticorin, TNVASU	
		Forest Department, Panaji	
		Forest Department, Karnataka	
		Forest Department, Tamil Nadu	
		ICI India, R & T Centre	
		Karnataka Association for Advancement of Science, Bangalore	
		Ministry of Env. and Forests, Dept. of WL Preservation, N. Delhi	
		Regional Research Institute, CCRA, Jaipur	
		Salim Ali Centre for Ornithology and Natural Hist., Coimbatore	
		Shivaji University, Kolhapur	
		Swaminathan Research Foundation, Chennai	
		University of Andhra Pradesh, Dept. of Eny. Science, Visakh	
		World Wide Fund for Nature, New Delhi	
		Zoological Survey of India, Calcutta	
		Zoological Survey of India, Pune	
		Zoo Outreach Organisation/CBSG, India, Coimbatore	
Animals			
Fish			
<i>Alecis indicus</i> (Ruppell)	LR-nt		
<i>Ambassis commersoni</i> (Cuvier)	LR-nt		
<i>Anodontostoma chacunda</i> (Ham-Buch)	LR-nt		
<i>Anguilla bicolor</i> McClelland	LR-nt		
<i>Arius subrostratus</i> Valenciennes	VU		
<i>Boleophthalmus boddarti</i> Cuvier	VU		
<i>Boleophthalmus dussumieri</i> Cuv. & Val	VU		
<i>Boleophthalmus viridis</i> Ham & Buch.	BN		
<i>Carangoides ciliarius</i> Gunther	LR-nt		
<i>Caranx ignobilis</i> (Forsskal)	LR-nt		
<i>Caranx sexfasciatus</i> Linnaeus	LR-nt		
<i>Chanos chanos</i> (Forsskal)	LR-nt		
<i>Dasyatis uarnak</i> (Forsskal)	LR-nt		
<i>Elopes machnata</i> (Forsskal)	VU		
<i>Epinephelus taurina</i> (Forsskal)	LR-nt		
<i>Etioplos suratensis</i> (Bloch)	LR-1c		
<i>Glossogobius giuris</i> (Hamilton-Buchanan)	LR-nt		
<i>Hilsa kelee</i> (Cuvier)	LR-nt		
<i>Lates calcarifer</i> (Bloch)	LR-nt		
<i>Leiognathus splendens</i> (Cuvier)	VU		
<i>Lethrinus nebulosus</i> (Forsskal)	LR-nt		
<i>Liza dussumieri</i> [=L. subviridis (Valenciennes)]	LR-nt		
<i>Liza macrolepis</i> (Smith)	LR-nt		
<i>Liza parsia</i> Hamilton - Buchanan	LR-nt		
<i>Lobotes surinamensis</i> (Bloch)	LR-nt		
<i>Lutjanus argentimaculatus</i>	LR-nt		
<i>Lutjanus fulviflammus</i> (Forsskal)	LR-nt		
<i>Lutjanus johri</i> Bleeker	LR-nt		
<i>Lutjanus sebae</i> (Cuvier)	LR-nt		
<i>Lutjanus russelli</i> (Bleeker)	LR-nt		
<i>Megalops cyprinoides</i> (Broussonet)	LR-nt		
<i>Mugil cephalus</i> Linnaeus	LR-nt		
<i>Muraena macrura</i> (Bleeker)	LR-nt		
<i>Muraenesox cinereus</i> (Forsskal)	LR-nt		
<i>Muraenichthys schultzei</i> (Bleeker)	VU		
<i>Nematalosa nasus</i> (Bloch)	LR-nt		
<i>Osteomugil cuneatus</i> (Mugil cuneatus) (Valenciennes)	LR-nt		
<i>Otolithus ruber</i> (Schneider)	LR-nt		
<i>Periophthalmus koelreuteri</i> Bl & Schn	VU		
<i>Plotosus canius</i> (Ham & Buch)	LR-nt		
<i>Polynemus indicus</i> Shaw	LR-nt		
<i>Pomadourus hasta</i> Bloch	LR-nt		
<i>Psammoperca waigensis</i> (Cuvier)	VU		
<i>Secutor ruconius</i> Ham & Buch	VU		
<i>Sillago sihama</i> (Forsskal)	LR-nt		
<i>Siganus canaliculatus</i> (Linnaeus)	LR-nt		
<i>Siganus javus</i> (Linnaeus)	LR-nt		
<i>Sphyraena barracuda</i> (Walbaum)	LR-nt		
<i>Tenualosa ilisha</i> Ham - Buch.	LR-nt		
<i>Therapon jarbua</i> (Forsskal)	LR-nt		
<i>Therapon puta</i> Cuvier	LR-nt		
<i>Trypauchen vagina</i> (Bloch & Schneider)	LR-nt		

Status Summary of Species assessed in BCPP CAMP Workshop - Indian Mangrove Ecosystem

Mangrove	CR	EN	VU	LRnt	LRlc	DD	NE	Total
Mangal plants	12	42	3	1	1	0	1	60
Algae	2	12	0	8	1	0	0	23
Invertebrates	1	4	3	17	15	0	1	41
Fishes	0	1	9	40	2	0	0	52
Total	15	60	15	66	19	0	2	176



The Fish Group



The Algae Group

Mangrove ecosystem model

